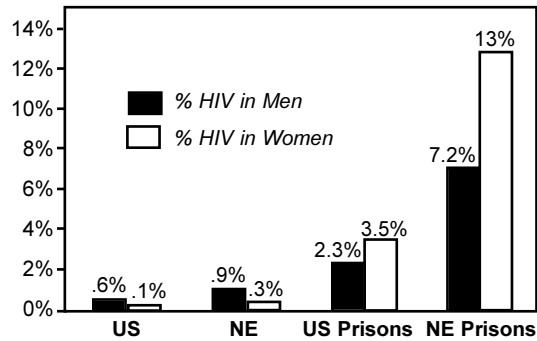


FIGURE I . HIV Prevalence



Extrapolated from the CDC, 2000 and US Census Bureau, 2000; and Hammett TM, Harmon P, Marushcak LM. 1996/1997 Update: HIV/AIDS, STDs and TB in Correctional Facilities. July 1999. BJS, NCJ 176344.

TABLE I . Hepatitis and HIV Disease Prevalence ***

Hepatitis and HIV Prevalence in US Populations[†]			
	HCV	HBV	HIV
Chronic Infections	3.9 million	1.2 million	0.8 million
New Infections Per Year	35,000	120,000	40,000
Deaths Per Year	8,000	5,000	18,000
Hepatitis and HIV Prevalence Among Inmates Released From Prisons & Jails*			
Number of Infected Inmates Released	640,000-1.4 million	155,000**	98,000-145,000
Representing ___% of US Population with Disease	16-33%	12.4-15.5%	12-18%

*Burden of disease among releasees in 1996, CDC, NIJ, Abt survey. †CDC, Harold Margolis, Hepatitis Branch.

**Hammet et al. noted an extreme lack of HBV data on correctional populations. These numbers are rough period prevalence estimates based on studies done in CA (1994) and NY (1987-1997) correctional systems.

***The total number of incarcerated persons in the US, numbering about 2 million, is composed of long-term prisoners, some with intermediate sentences of a few years only, and some held for a few days or weeks. This leads in some cases to the same infected person being released several times a year, thus inflating the yearly number of infected released persons. These considerations apply to HIV, HBV and HCV.